

Federal Deserters At Ojinaga Will No Longer Be Sent Back to Battle

ASSOCIATED PRESS
Lease Wire
DAY AND NIGHT REPORTS
WEATHER FORECAST
Fair tonight and Saturday;
warmer Saturday.

EL PASO, TEXAS,
Friday Evening,
January 2, 1914—16 Pages

J. P. MORGAN BANKING FIRM SEVERES CONNECTIONS WITH MANY LARGE CORPORATIONS

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—J. P. Morgan and company today announced that it had severed connection with some of the greatest corporations in the country with which the firm has long been connected.

This step, the firm announced, was taken voluntarily in response to "an apparent change in public sentiment" on account of "some of the problems and criticisms having to do with so-called interlocking directorates."

Among the companies from which they retired are the New York Central and the New Haven railroads.

J. P. Morgan made this statement: "The necessity of attending many board meetings has been so serious a burden on our time that we have long wished to withdraw from the directorates of many corporations. Many of these directorships we have accepted with reluctance and only because we felt constrained to keep in touch with properties which we had recommended to the public both here and abroad."

"An apparent change in public sentiment in regard to directorships seems

now to warrant us in seeking to resign from some of these connections.

"Indeed, it may be, in view of the change in sentiment on the subject, that we shall be in a better position to serve such other properties and their holders if we are not directors. We have already resigned from the companies mentioned and we expect from time to time to withdraw from other boards on which we feel there is no special obligation to remain."

Morgan's Resignations.

The companies to which Mr. Morgan referred are:

New York Central and Hudson River Railroad company.
West Shore Railroad company.
Lake Shore and Michigan Southern railroad.
Michigan Central Railroad company.
New York, Chicago and St. Louis railroad.
Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis railroad.
Central New England railroad.
New York, Westchester and Boston railroad.

Harlem River and Port Chester railroad.
Milbrook company.
New Haven Navigation company.
New England Steamship company.
Rhode Island company.
Rutland Railroad company.
Hartford and Connecticut Western.
New Ontario and Western railroad.
Western Union Telegraph company.

Resignations of Firm.

Other members of the firm have retired from these companies:

Charles Steel.
Jersey Central Railroad company.
United States Steel corporation.
H. P. Davison.
American Telephone and Telegraph company.
Ator Trust company.
Guaranty Trust company of New York.
Chemical National bank.
W. P. Porter.
Bankers' Trust company.
Buckley Trust company of New York.
Thomas W. Lamont.
Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing company.
Utah Copper company.
Columbia Trust company.
Buckley Trust company.

Cut Binding Strings of Corporations.

By withdrawing from these corporations, J. P. Morgan & Co. have cut the strings that have so long connected the country's most important corporations in a community of interest, which has been assailed within and without congress.

Morgan feels that it has kept within the law in all its complex operations and that no legal necessity or threatened complications with the authorities at Washington has made it necessary to adopt a sweeping change in policy announced today.

One of the members of the firm said that Morgan & Co. had been scrupulously careful to observe the spirit as well as the letter of the law, and that the decision of the firm was primarily a matter of expediency. Conditions had no shaped themselves in the past, he said, that the firm had been compelled reluctantly to accept the burden of management of various corporations and that it had long been seeking an opportunity to lessen this burden.

Important Change of Policy Announced.

The chief consideration, it was said, which has prevented the firm from taking such action was an important one. The possible complications which might follow such action, investors throughout the world have purchased securities marketed by the firm, and it was felt that the firm had assumed a responsibility in this connection which could not be lightly laid aside.

For several days Wall street had heard rumors that Morgan and company had decided on an important change in its policy.

Still Keeps Many Affiliations.

In spite of the large number of resignations announced today, Morgan and company are still represented on the boards of a number of important corporations. Morgan remains a director in the United States Steel corporation, Northern Pacific Railroad, International Mercantile Marine company, National City Bank of New York, Bank of Commerce of New York, Mr. Steele is still on the boards of the Atlantic, Lehigh Valley, Northern Pacific, Erie, Southern, Chicago and Great Western and Louisville, Chicago Great Western and Alabama Great Southern railroads. Morgan is also on the board of the International Harvester company, the International Mercantile Marine company, the Erie and Adams Express company, Mr. Davison is on the board of the Erie and Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton railroads, the Western Union Telegraph company, the National Bank of Commerce, the Liberty National Bank of New York, the First Securities company and the Bankers' Trust company of New York.

Mr. Porter is represented in five New York banks, including the Life Insurance company, the Per Marquette railroad, the Remington Typewriter company, the H. P. Johns-Manville company, the Erie and Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton railroads, the Western Union Telegraph company, the National Bank of Commerce, the Liberty National Bank of New York, the First Securities company and the Bankers' Trust company of New York.

Mr. Lamont is represented in five New York banks, including the Life Insurance company, the Per Marquette railroad, the Remington Typewriter company, the H. P. Johns-Manville company, the Erie and Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton railroads, the Western Union Telegraph company, the National Bank of Commerce, the Liberty National Bank of New York, the First Securities company and the Bankers' Trust company of New York.

26 DEPUTIES, NOT GUILTY; LIBERATED

List of Freed Congressmen
Does Not Include Former
Cabinet Members.

CHARGE UNFOUNDED, COURT DETERMINES

MEXICO CITY, Mex., Jan. 2.—Twenty six former Mexican deputies imprisoned by provisional president Huerta last October, were released from the penitentiary today. This number does not include Rodolfo Reyes, former minister of justice nor Jorge Vera Estanol, former minister of public instruction.

The judge of the district court, who had charge of the investigation, found that the charges against the deputies were unfounded. He ordered their release and the deputies were carried off to jail and congress dissolved.

A great sensation was caused on October 10 when the Mexican minister of the interior, Manuel Garcia Aldape, issued an order for the arrest of all the deputies of the chamber while the deputies were in session. Just before this occurred, 110 members of the chamber were arrested and taken to the penitentiary. The deputies were held in the penitentiary for a period of several months. The judge of the district court, who had charge of the investigation, found that the charges against the deputies were unfounded. He ordered their release and the deputies were carried off to jail and congress dissolved.

HUNT FOR MAN KILLER IS PUSHED

Bingham, Utah, Jan. 2.—Mayor J. E. Rasmussen, recently elected, shouldered a rifle and joined the manhunt in the Utah-Apex mine for Ralph Lopez, desperado, this afternoon. Eight picked men gathered at the mine and waited for sheriff Smith to knock in the bulkhead and begin search for the gunman who has killed six men since November 21.

Hundreds of miners climbed up the precipitous canyon wall early today and expertly crowded the ledge of the cliff where the Andy tunnel entrance is located.

OJINAGA WOUNDED RECEIVING CARE

VILLA'S CURRENCY IN
DEMAND, IS REPORT

Some of the Villa-Terrazas Certificates Appear Here—Terrazas Is Out on Parole.

Although not with a dubious reputation upon its first appearance, "Constitutional" money now is said to be in demand. Thursday it was reported a local bank was after \$100 of Villa's currency, while a South El Paso bank was after \$100 of Terrazas' currency. The money, the report is, has been hoarded in the city.

The demand for the "Constitutional" money, the most part comes from local cattle dealers engaged in buying cattle in Northern Mexico. Payments for Mexican cattle are now being made in a majority of cases in the report with "Constitutional" money.

Some of the new Villa-Terrazas currency has made its appearance in El Paso in denominations of \$10, \$5 and \$100 bills. The certificates are made payable to Porfirio Villa and signed by J. Terrazas. A statement on the certificate says they are guaranteed by the state of Chihuahua. The certificates constitute part payment of the ransom that the rebels have demanded for the liberation of Terrazas. He was forced to sign them when first arrested. He has now been released.

Terrazas has been released from custody in the gubernatorial palace at Chihuahua on his personal recognizance. It is said in Juarez. Villa members of his family are to be held responsible if he attempts to escape.

Speculations for the payment of the ransom demanded by Villa for his release and safe conduct to the border are under way.

RED CROSS FIELD HOSPITAL IS URGED

Dr. C. F. Braden Wires He Has 60 Wounded Federals in Hospital. Thinks Battle a Long One.

There are 60 wounded federals in the Red Cross emergency hospital which has been established at Presidio, Texas, by Dr. C. F. Braden, of El Paso. He telegraphed Dr. H. E. Stevenson Monday at noon saying that the present force is sufficient to care for all the wounded now at the emergency hospital. Of the 60 wounded, but four are seriously wounded. Dr. Braden advised Dr. Stevenson that the fighting was still in progress and that it looked like it would continue for some time. He recommended that a field hospital be established at Ojinaga and that tents, cots and bedding be obtained from the army and that rubber sheeting be sent from El Paso at once.

Dr. B. E. Jumper, of the Eugenehemp hospital, El Paso, and Dr. P. P. Spring, of El Paso, left Thursday night for Ojinaga to assist Dr. Braden, and nurse Jacobson and Hootley also left at the same time to do field first aid work.

FEDERALS SEIZE AGUILAR OIL TANKS

Vera Cruz, Mex., Jan. 2.—Because of the Aguilar oil company's refusal to supply the Mexican railway with oil, federal military authorities have seized the oil tanks and are drawing supplies as needed. The company was recently warned by the rebels that its wells would be set on fire if oil were furnished for traffic purposes. The Mexican railway ran short of oil and appealed to the government for relief.

AFTER VASQUEZ RECRUITS

Advices from the rebel secret service at Presidio, Tex., say that recruiting agents for the Vasquez are active among the federal deserters from Ojinaga and the soldiers of Orozco and Salazar's commands are being urged to enlist and join Castillo, south of Coahuila.

CAVALRY SENT TO PURSUE BANDITS

One hundred men, 20 cavalry and 40 infantry, left Juarez Thursday over the Mexico North Western railway for Casas Grandes, where they will detain and march overland to Palomas. Part of entry opposite Columbia, N. M. This force will remain as a permanent garrison in Palomas. At present there are 125 rebel cavalrymen stationed in the village. This latter detachment will be withdrawn upon the arrival of the force sent from Juarez and will take the field against Maximo Castillo's outlaw band in the mountains west of Tularosa. Orders to stay on Castillo's trail until he is run to earth have been issued.

TWO GENERALS DIE DEAD REVOLUTIONIST'S WIDOW KILLS HIS SLAYER IN FAMILY TRAGEDY

ORO, Venezuela, Jan. 2.—A family tragedy resulted in the death yesterday of the leaders of Cipriano Castro's unsuccessful revolutionary army. Gen. Lazaro Gonzalez and Gen. Urbina, who had been erroneously reported among the killed Aug. 8 last in a battle with the government troops here, were the principals.

Gen. Urbina shot Gen. Gonzalez after a quarrel. Later in the day Senora Gonzalez, assisted by a friend, shot and killed Gen. Urbina.

LEADERS OF STRIKE MAY USE RECALL

Prepare Petitions Seeking
to Oust Houghton County
Sheriff From Office.

GOVERNMENT AGENT
HAS PLAN FOR PEACE

ANIMOSITY, MICH., Jan. 2.—Labor leaders and strikers are preparing petitions to be used in an attempt to recall sheriff Jas. Cruise of Houghton county, the heart of the copper strike zone, according to advice at the capital today. The sheriff is said to have incurred the displeasure of the striking element on account of alleged sympathy with those who deserted president Moyer of the Western Federation of Miners, and because of his alleged lack of activity in making search for deserters.

Governor Ferris declined to comment on the matter today.

Until governor Ferris receives further advice from the department of justice, who is now in the Calumet copper mine strike region, he will not issue orders to the sheriff to make search for deserters.

The governor's office today received a letter from the labor leaders, who conferred with the governor earlier in the week, urged him to make an order to the sheriff to make search for deserters.

Mr. Dempsie, executive secretary of the labor union, said that the labor leaders had been planning to communicate with the governor to request a full report as to the progress of the strike. He said that the labor leaders had been planning to communicate with the governor to request a full report as to the progress of the strike.

NOISE OF NEW YEAR'S ADVENT, KILLS P. W.

Coffey, Says Coroner

The blast of the whistles and discharge of fire arms Wednesday at midnight, announcing the advent of the new year, resulted in the death of P. W. Coffey, who was found dead in his room at the Arlington hotel, corner of San Antonio and Stanton streets, shortly after noon Thursday. This is the first death of a soldier in the city since the war.

The belief of the coroner is that Coffey had been drinking to excess on Christmas day and the day before New Year's. Wednesday night it is believed that the man retired suffering under the influence of alcohol.

Coffey was a member of the horse-shoers' union at Pittsburgh, Pa. A party used a small ticket and \$1.00 in change was found in his clothes. W. J. Coffey, a surviving brother, who has been notified of his death, is an undertaker at North Tarrytown, N. Y.

YAQUIS MAY MAKE PEACE WITH REBELS

Nogales, Son., Mex., Jan. 2.—Peace between the "Constitutionalists" and hostile Yaqui warriors may result from negotiations about to begin in Hermosillo, the state capital. Maximo Castillo has gone to Hermosillo with a body-guard of 40 Indians, on invitation of the state authorities, to see if it is possible to arrive at a peaceful agreement.

Recent arrivals from the interior of the state assert that mounted Yaquis are still active in raiding ranches and robbing travelers. They are said to have burned the railroad station at Baco, near Corral, the first of the week.

CASTILLO IN COLONIA JUAREZ, AFTER SUPPLIES

Castillo is in Colonia Juarez with his hands and is demanding horses, saddles and provisions from the American and Mexican ranchers, according to a report Friday. Castillo retreated into Colonia Juarez after his skirmish with the rebels who were sent from the Juarez garrison. He has threatened the people of the Mexican colonies with death unless they comply.

Castillo is acting independently in western Chihuahua and has been for some time demanding ransoms from American ranchers, miners and cattle owners of that area.

CHIHUAHUA SMELTER MAY BE REOPENED

Pancho Villa is urging the reopening of mining properties in Chihuahua, concentrating his efforts, however, on the Chihuahua smelter. He has conferred with local representatives of the smelter and the latter has been taken up with headquarters in New York.

Castillo is promising to keep railway communication open and to give full protection to the plant and to the inhabitants of the area.

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BATTLE RAGES; FEDERALS STILL HOLD POSITIONS

Most of the deserters are volunteers

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

PRESIDIO, Texas, Jan. 2.—In today's fighting at Ojinaga the federals appear to be holding their own. Repeatedly the rebels have made advances upon the federal positions, but each time the rebels were driven back with heavy losses.

Unless the supply of ammunition in Ojinaga should give out, it is believed the rebels will be unable to take the town. There is no apparent disposition on the part of Ortega to give up the attempt to capture the federal position, and the fighting today has been continuous, the federals putting up a game fight and the rebels storming the federal position with force.

The fighting today was not as brisk as yesterday and last night. The federals are putting up a game fight and each time the long line of rebels has charged the federal stronghold, they have found it a second Gettysburg and were compelled to fall back for their own protection.

The rebels keep shelling the town with their cannon, though they do little damage and only cause the federals to waste ammunition in repelling. The rebels show no sign of quitting the attack and claim they are going to take the place within a very short time.

The rebel killed and wounded so far will greatly exceed the federal loss. The federals claim only about half a hundred killed, though this report generally is disbelieved. It is believed the federals killed will greatly exceed this number.

No Americans are allowed to cross the river, therefore exact figures are uncertain.

Maj. McNamee, commanding the United States border patrol, at Presidio, said he was ready to handle the situation should the whole federal army retreat to this country.

Secretary of war Garrison's order to Brig. Gen. Bliss regarding the crossing of refugees to the American side was regarded by the border patrol as clearly defining the situation. Heretofore Maj. McNamee has forced back to the Mexican side such unwounded federals as waded across the river with their arms.

This resulted only in their coming to this side again and a repetition of the task of forcing them back. Many deserters on being forced back after their arms were taken from them by the American troops, pleaded that they would certainly be killed.

Under secretary Garrison's order it is believed that Maj. McNamee, after disarming future federal deserters, will permit them to remain on this side should it appear that their lives were endangered if sent back. If the whole federal army came across, it is understood at Presidio, no attempt will be made to force any of them back, as it then would be considered that the defeated Huerta forces had been put in jeopardy.

Rebel agents here express the belief that one side will soon run out of ammunition, and if it should happen to be the federals, their retreat would result immediately. Gen. Villa has more ammunition on the way from Chihuahua in the hope of replenishing the rebel ammunition before it is exhausted.

The federal wounded at Presidio have all been moved to the mission church here in care of the Red Cross. The federal commander requested Major McNamee to permit the removal of some of the wounded to Ciudad Porfirio Diaz, Mex., opposite Eagle Pass, Texas, but the request was refused.

ASYLUM IS GRANTED DESERTING FEDERALS

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 2.—We kept them as long as conditions on the other side were such that we felt it would be inhuman to turn them back. In no general way we kept them until they could be safely allowed to filter back across the border into their own country.

"Those orders have never been changed, and if properly interpreted the men who have been fighting on the other side of the border and who came over unarmed, are treated as refugees and are allowed to stay on our side of the line, rather than be turned back to the other side."

"With regard to what will happen if a very large number attempt to come over, I can only say that unless the orders are changed, which of course they may be if an emergency calls for a change, these men will be treated as I have stated; that is, they will be treated as refugees. How long they will be allowed to stay, and all other hypothetical questions, I am unable to answer."

Some treatment to rebels.

Full confidence in the ability of the 500 American troops at Presidio to deal with the situation there was expressed by officials of the war department. No fighting will be tolerated on the American side, and the rebels should follow the fugitives across the border, but the same treatment as is accorded the federal officials here are satisfied, however, that the chase will end at the border.

CHAMPIONS VILLA'S CAUSE; BULLET BREAKS HIS LEG

JOSE SALAZAR, reported to have championed Pancho Villa Thursday night when Pancho Villa was shot by Huerta's forces, was killed by a bullet which broke his leg as the result of a bullet wound. A small sized plucked chicken was shot. During the fight Salazar was shot.

The wounded man was first taken to the emergency hospital at the police station where he received medical attention.

REBELS BRING CANNON FOR TAMPICCO ATTACK

TAMPICCO, Mex., Jan. 2.—Artillery and ammunition are reaching the rebel front in such manner as to indicate that an early attack may be made on Tampico or on the force of 1200 federal troops entrenched at Altamira, 23 miles from the coast. Several pieces of artillery and a large supply of ammunition were delivered to the rebels at Altamira.

Rebel engineers are operating the trains from the city of Victoria to Cervantes, which lies only 10 miles north of Altamira.

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